Załącznik 2 – przykładowe karty pracy

ADDITION

3 8 11 the addend plus equals the addend the sum Ex. 5+7=12 5 is the addend 7 is the addend. 5 and 7 are addends. 12 is the sum. 34+16=50 34 is 16 is 34 and 16 are 50 is **135 + 29 = 164** is the addend. is the addend. are addends. is the sum. 49 + 27 = 76 Read it. What is the number 49? What is the number 27 ? What is the number 76 ?

SUBTRACTION

the minuend minus the subtrahend equals the result of subtraction

5

9

MULTIPLICATION

6	*	7	=	42
the factor	multiply by	the factor	equals	the product
Ex .				
12 * 3 = 36				
Twelve multiply by 3	equals thirty six .			
12 and 3 are factors				
36 is the product.				
8 * 9 = 72				
Eight is the				
Nine is the				
Seventy two is the				
20 * 4 = 80 Read it.				
What is the number	20 ?			
What is the number	4?			
What are numbers 2	0 and 4?			
What is the number	80.?			

DIVISION

8

=

4

32

What is the number 48?

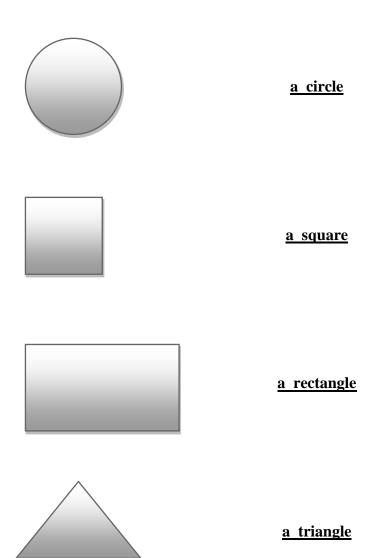
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Załącznik 3 element słownika

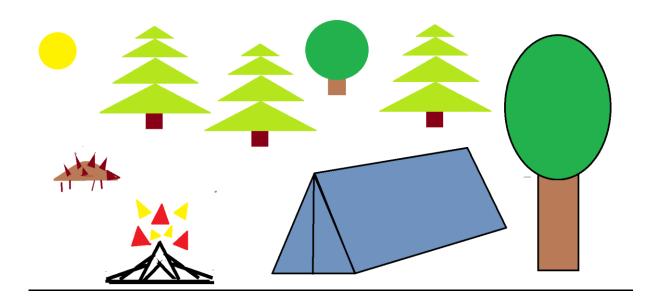
DICTIONARY

- a rule -
- a result of -
- an addition -
- to add -
- an addend -
- a symbol of -
- plus -
- a sum -
- a subtraction -
- a minuend -
- a subtrahend -
- minus -
- to subtract -
- a multiplication -
- a factor -
- a product -
- to multiply by -
- a multiplicand* -
- a multiplier * -
- a division -
- to divide -
- a dividend -
- a quotient -
- to divide by -
- a geometrical figure -
- a circle -
- a triangle -
- a square -
- a rectangle -
- a colour -

GEOMETRICAL FIGURES



EX. Look at the drawing and answer the questions.



now many triangles are in the drawing:
There are triangles in this drawing.
How many squares are there in the drawing?
How many rectangles are in the drawing?
How many circles are in the drawing?